Presentation to the South Carolina Nuclear Advisory Council

SREL Updates and New Radionuclide Education, Monitoring and Outreach Program (REMOP)

July 14, 2016

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Objectives

- Savannah River Ecology Lab (SREL) Mission
- Staffing
- Funding and Work Scope
- Significant Advancements
- New Programs For FY16
- Radionuclide Education, Monitoring and Outreach Program

SREL History

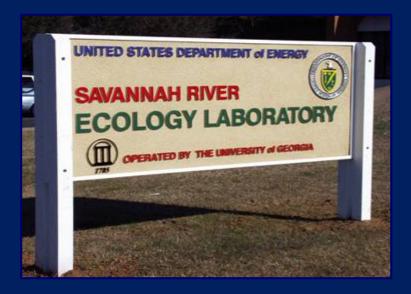
1951 - Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) had concerns about environmental impacts resulting from Savannah River Site (SRS) construction and operations.



Dr. Eugene Odum

1951 to present – Funding from AEC, ERDA, and Department of Energy (DOE)

1954 – Established permanent lab on the SRS



1977 – Established current lab facilities

SREL's Mission:

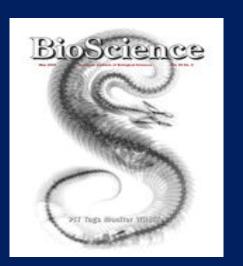
"To enhance our understanding of the environment by acquiring and communicating knowledge that contributes to sound environmental stewardship."

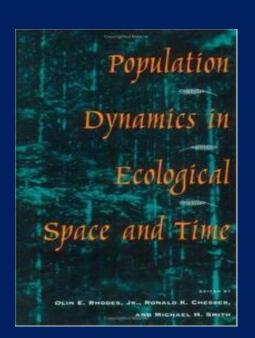
"To provide the public with an independent evaluation of the ecological effects of SRS operations on the environment"

- An interdisciplinary program of field and laboratory research conducted largely on the SRS and published in the peer-reviewed scientific literature
- Education and research training for undergraduate and graduate students
- Service to the community through environmental outreach activities

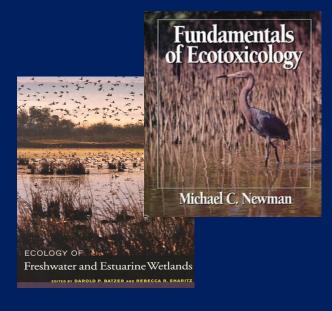
SREL Research Program's

- >3,356 peer-reviewed scientific publications to date
- 64 books





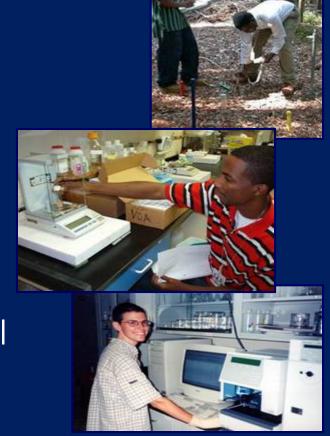




SREL Education Program

Education Programs

- >400 theses and dissertations
 - 198 M.S.
 - 223 Ph.D.
- SREL graduate students have received more than 125 awards
- Over 700 undergraduates representing all 50 states have participated in SRELsponsored research to date



SREL Environmental Outreach Program

- Integrates SREL research into presentations for the general public
- Provides hands-on classroom and field experience for students
- Conducts educator workshops

In 2015, SREL reached ~ 38,000 people by providing :

- > 360 talks
- 41 public tours
- **20** exhibits at local or regional events, and
- 31 "Ecologist for a Day" programs for local schools



SREL in 2016

UGA Employees

- Research Faculty 6
- Tenure Track Faculty 4
- UGA-base Faculty 3
- Post Docs 8
- Outreach 6
- Res. Professional 11
- Research Support 25
- Graduate Students 25
- Undergraduates 14
- Admin & Support 17

108 Staff & Students

- Facilities & Research Areas
 - A-Area (laboratories, equipment, offices, animal care, storage)
 - Par Pond (low-dose facility)
 - 30 DOE Set-Asides
 - 75 field research sites

Disciplinary Expertise

- Aquatic and Terrestrial Ecology
- Geology / Soil Science
- Environmental Microbiology
- Hydrology
- Molecular Biology
- Environmental Chemistry
- Radiation Ecology
- Ecotoxicology and Risk Assessment
- Wildlife Ecology

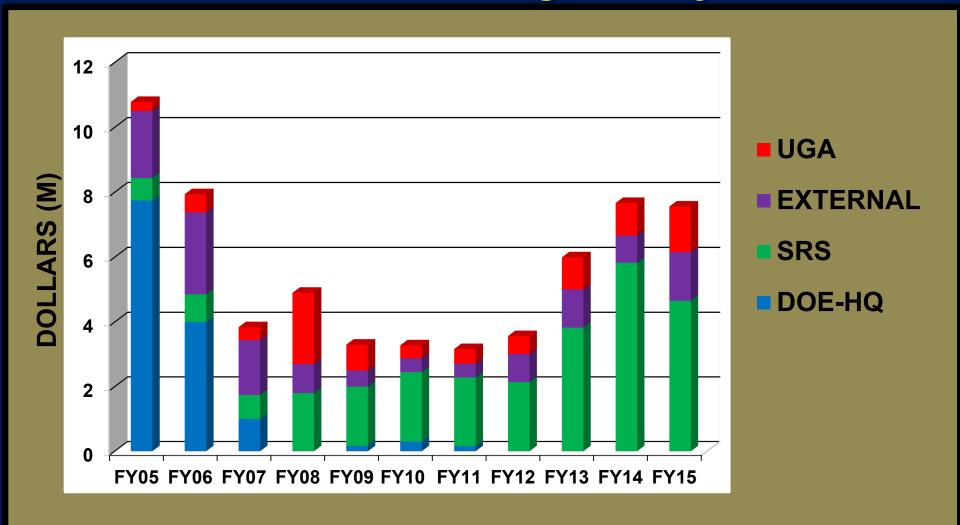
Current Research Areas

- Characterization and Effects
- Ecological and Health Risks

Remediation and Restoration



Recent Funding History



Advancements in Fiscal Year 2016

1. Work scope:

Research Staffing

SREL has added 6 new tenure track faculty and 1 additional research scientist through leveraging of DOE funding with UGA funding

Graduate and Undergraduate Education Programs

Advised 25 graduate students and hosted 13 undergrads in new NSF funded Research

Experience for Undergraduates Program in Radioecology

Hosted a total of over 69 graduate students conducting research on SRS

Taught 1 course on main UGA campus and 3 at SREL

General Public Outreach and Education Programs

Conducted over 450 public outreach events reaching >38,000 people

Interdisciplinary Research

Initiated collaborative research programs with Savannah River National Laboratory (SRNL), U.S.

Forest Service-Savannah River (USFS-SR), UGA, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), U.S.

Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) & other university, federal, state, and private partners Involving research on radionuclide and metal remediation, feral swine control & radioecology

Advancements in Fiscal Year 2016

2. Facilities:

Main SREL facilities

- Major repairs, paint, carpet, lab renovations and HVAC to portions of lab
- Updated major HVAC systems
- Purchased laboratory furnishings for remodel of 10 laboratories

Par Pond Radioecology Lab

Updated HVAC and carpet

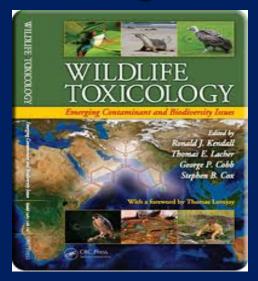
3. Scientific Equipment:

- Analytical equipment purchases to enhance research on contaminants of soil, water, and biological materials
- Significant upgrades to equipment related to radioecology and wildlife research

Major New Programs in Fiscal Year 2016

- 1. Environmental Contaminants
- 2. Integrating Ecosystem Science into Radioecology
- 3. Next Generation Radioecology
- 4. Low Dose Radiation Effects
- **5.** International Programs
- 6. Environmental Justice

Ecological Impacts of Contaminants

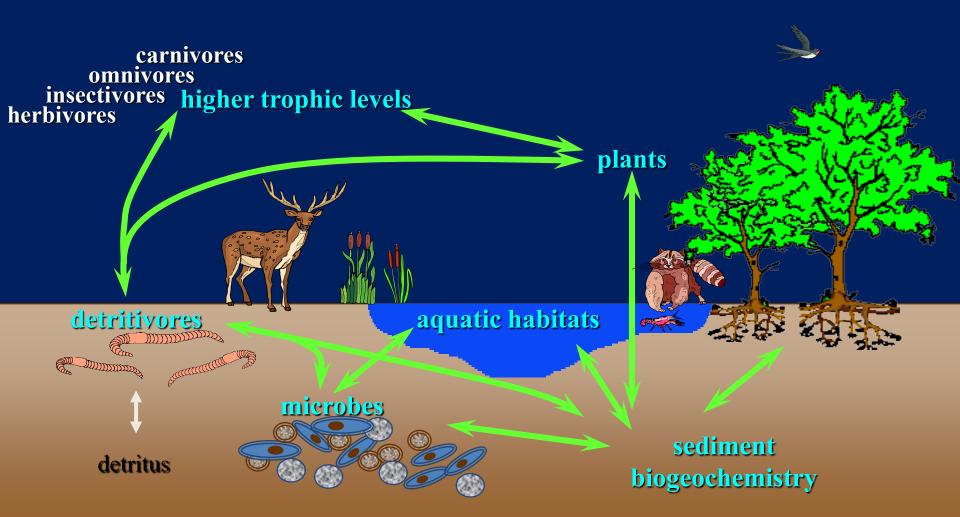








Ecosystems Approach to Radioecology



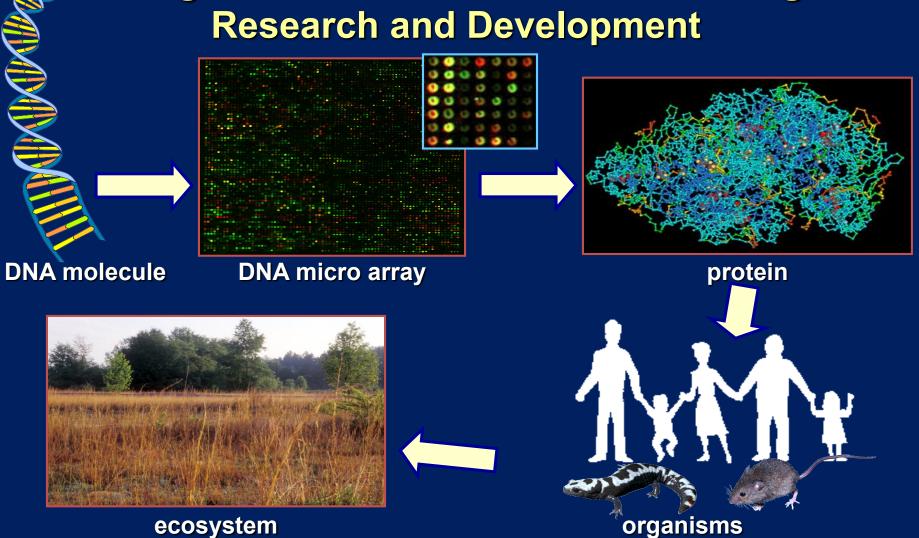


SAVANNAH RIVER ECOLOGY LABORATORY

Next Generation Radioecology



Long-term Surveillance and Monitoring



Spatially Explicit Dosimetry in Belarus and Japan



Outreach and Monitoring for Local Communities







CAB Recommendation 317 DOE Charge to SREL

- Provide the DOE-SR with a recommendation on whether there is fact-based evidence to support the request for conducting additional radiological environmental monitoring in Georgia by the State of Georgia or SRS, and based on the results of this recommendation:
- Provide the DOE-SR with a recommendation on the potential options that could be undertaken by the DOE-SR to address the concerns of the CAB and the citizens of Georgia in regard to this issue.

Why SREL?

- □SREL researchers have been working on the SRS since 1954 and are highly familiar with the subject matter required for the requested technical review
- □SREL personnel work for the University of Georgia and thus represent an independent third party for such technical reviews
- □SREL's mission on the SRS is and always has been "To provide the public with an independent evaluation of the ecological effects of SRS operations on the environment" which is well suited to the type of review requested by DOE

Program Elements Evaluated

- ■Monitoring conducted for each environmental media (pathway) and results of these activities
- □Regulatory standards use to set exposure limits for various media monitored on or adjacent to the SRS
- □ Dose Risk Calculations stemming from the SRS Environmental Monitoring Program
- □DOE's current communications pathways to the public for monitoring results

Communications Recommendations

- 1. Consider developing a strategy of communication with local community audiences that incorporates limited monitoring data collected from those communities as a basis for providing outreach and education on radiological monitoring and data interpretation that can help local residents draw their own conclusions concerning health risks.
- 2. Utilize local community leaders to assist in the development of such education and outreach programs and work with them to reach community members for delivery of educational programs and materials.

Communications Recommendations

3. Limit the collection of additional monitoring data within local communities to only that needed to provide relevant, real world data for use in educational programs within those communities.

4. Guide the strategic development of these outreach and education programs so that they can be used within targeted communities as desired throughout South Carolina, Georgia or anywhere throughout the DOE complex.

SREL Radionuclide Education, Monitoring and Outreach Program (REMOP)

WHERE:

Shell Bluff, Georgia

WHO:

DOE (Funder)

SREL (Outreach and Monitoring)

GA WAND (Facilitate Communication to Local Residents)

WHEN:

Currently Hiring Staff (Targeted Start of Fall 2016)

SREL Radionuclide Education, Monitoring and Outreach Program (REMOP)

Goal:

To utilize radionuclide and metals data collected within the local community of Shell Bluff to inform outreach and education efforts on radionuclide monitoring programs and risks designed for delivery to local residents.

*** NOT A NEW MONITORING PROGRAM***

SREL Radionuclide Education, Monitoring and Outreach Program (REMOP)

Summary Details:

- 1. Three-year project
- 2. Pre-Post surveys of residents
- 3. Community participation in selection of sites and media
- 4. Review of existing monitoring program data from DOE, SCDHEC, and Vogtle for comparative purposes
- 5. Development of outreach programing to help residents interpret data and gain perspective on risk



S AVANNAH RIVER ECOLOGY LABORATORY

